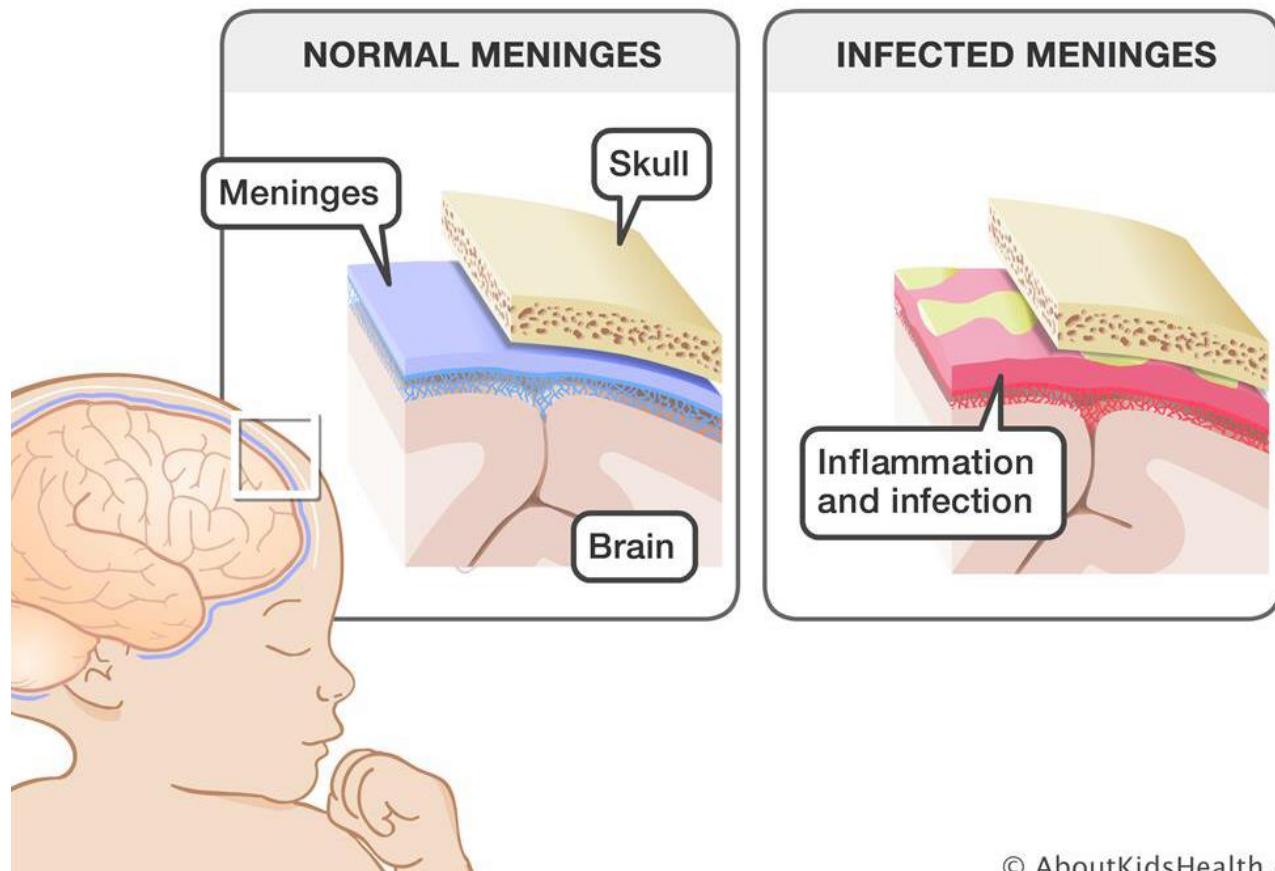




Magdalena Okarska-Napierała
Meningitis in children

Meningitis

- Inflammation of meninges (pia mater, arachnoid and subarachnoid space)
- Usually infectious
- Usually blood-born
- Bacterial meningitis = **life threaten** / risk of serious complications



Etiology

| Bacterial meningitis | ETIO |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Newborns | <i>S. agalactiae, E. coli, Klebsiella spp., G(-) bacilli, L. monocytogenes</i> |
| Infants 1-3/12 | <i>N. meningitidis, H. influenzae, S. pneumoniae</i> , rarely – neonatal pathogens |
| Older infants, children and adults | <i>S. pneumoniae, N. meningitidis (B, C, W), H. influenzae</i> , rarely: <i>L. monocytogenes</i> |
| Viral meningitis | Enterovirus, Herpes family, TBE |

! .

Meningitis Symptoms



Fever,
cold hands
and feet



Vomiting



Drowsy,
difficult to
wake



Confusion
and irritability



Severe
muscle
pain



Pale, blotchy
skin
Spots/rash



Severe
headache



Stiff neck



Dislike
bright
lights



Convulsions/
seizures



Fever,
cold hands
and feet



Refusing
food and
vomiting



Fretful,
dislike
being
handled



Rapid
breathing
or grunting



Pale, blotchy
skin
Spots/rash



Unusual
cry,
moaning



Tense,
bulging
fontanelle
(soft spot)



Stiff neck,
dislike
bright
lights



Convulsions/
seizures



Viral meningitis – clinical picture

- Relatively good general condition
- Possible coexistence of **other viral signs and symptoms** – sore throat, conjunctivitis, wysypka rash, diarrhea
- Viral infection in close contacts

Physical

- **General condition:** usually severe
- **Vitals:** fever, tachycardia, tachypnoe, possible shock
- The skin: macular rash —> **purpura**
- bulging **fontanelle**
- **MENINGEAL SIGNS**

?

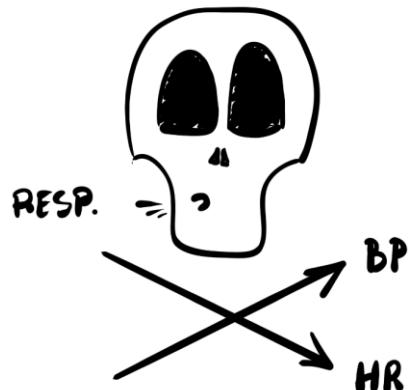
clinical picture of **MENINGITIS**

- 1) VITALS: HR, RR, BP, sat, temp, GCS
- 2) Oxygen
- 3) Lab tests:
 - 1) 2x blood **CULTURE**
 - 2) CBC + smear
 - 3) CRP, PCT, BUN, creat, glucose, Na, K
 - 4) Clotting: APTT, INR, fibrinogen
 - 5) Blood gases

Lumbar puncture, if no *contraindications*

Contraindications
To lumbar puncture

- 1) Grave general condition
- 2) Skin infection in lumbar area
- 3) Severe coagulation abnormalities
- 4) Immunosuppression
- 5) CNS disease in past
- 6) New seizures episode
- 7) Cushing triad
- 8) Papilledema
- 9) New focal neurologic signs
- 10) Abnormal consciousness



clinical picture of **MENINGITIS**

- 1) VITALS: HR, RR, BP, sat, temp, GCS
- 2) Oxygen
- 3) Lab tests:
 - 1) 2x blood **CULTURE**
 - 2) CBC + smear
 - 3) CRP, PCT, BUN, creat, glucose, Na, K
 - 4) Clotting: APTT, INR, fibrinogen
 - 5) Blood gases

Contraindications
To lumbar puncture

- 1) Grave general condition
- 2) Skin infection in lumbar area
- 3) Severe coagulation abnormalities
- 4) Immunosuppression
- 5) CNS disease in past
- 6) New seizures episode
- 7) Cushing triad
- 8) Papilledema
- 9) New focal neurologic signs
- 10) Abnormal consciousness

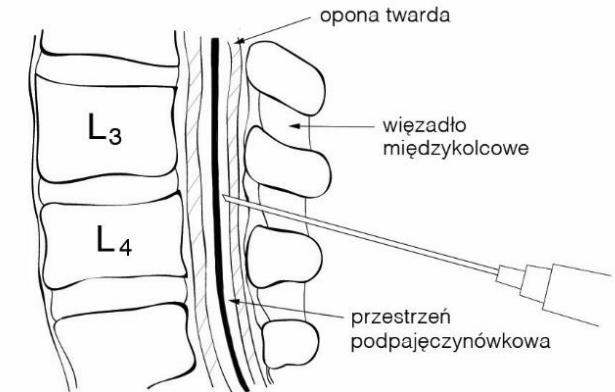
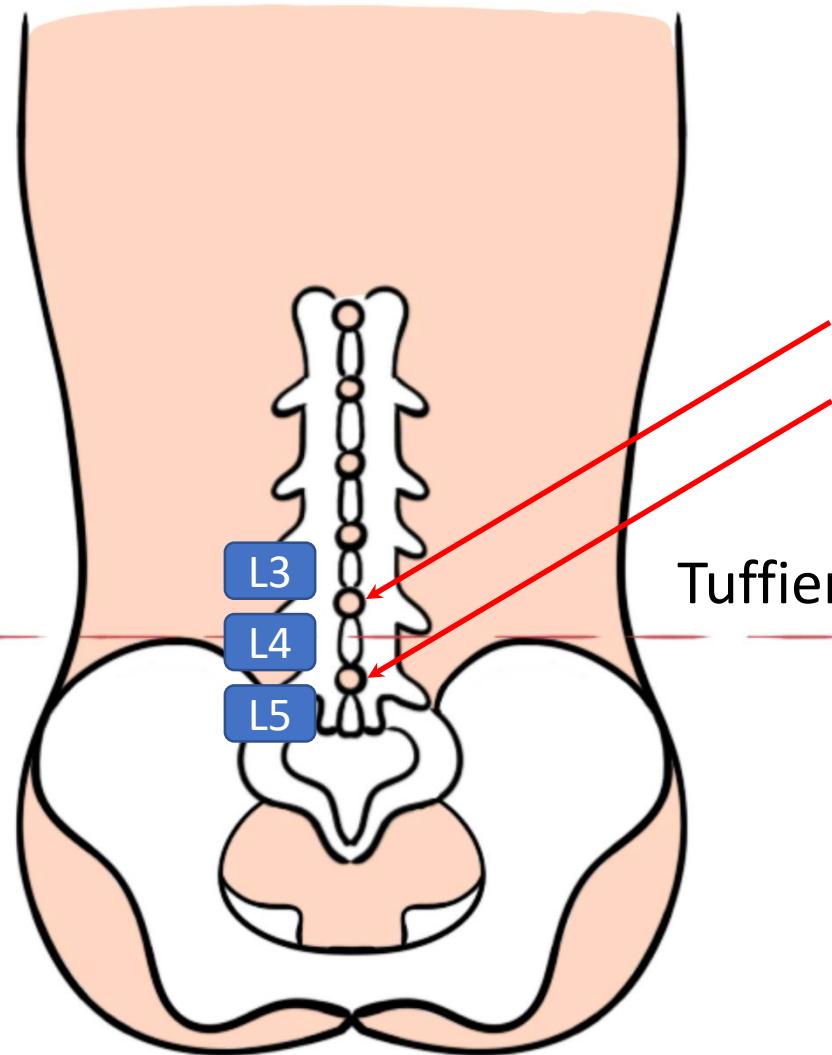
Lumbar puncture, if no **contraindications**

Computed tomography

NO ROUTINE CT

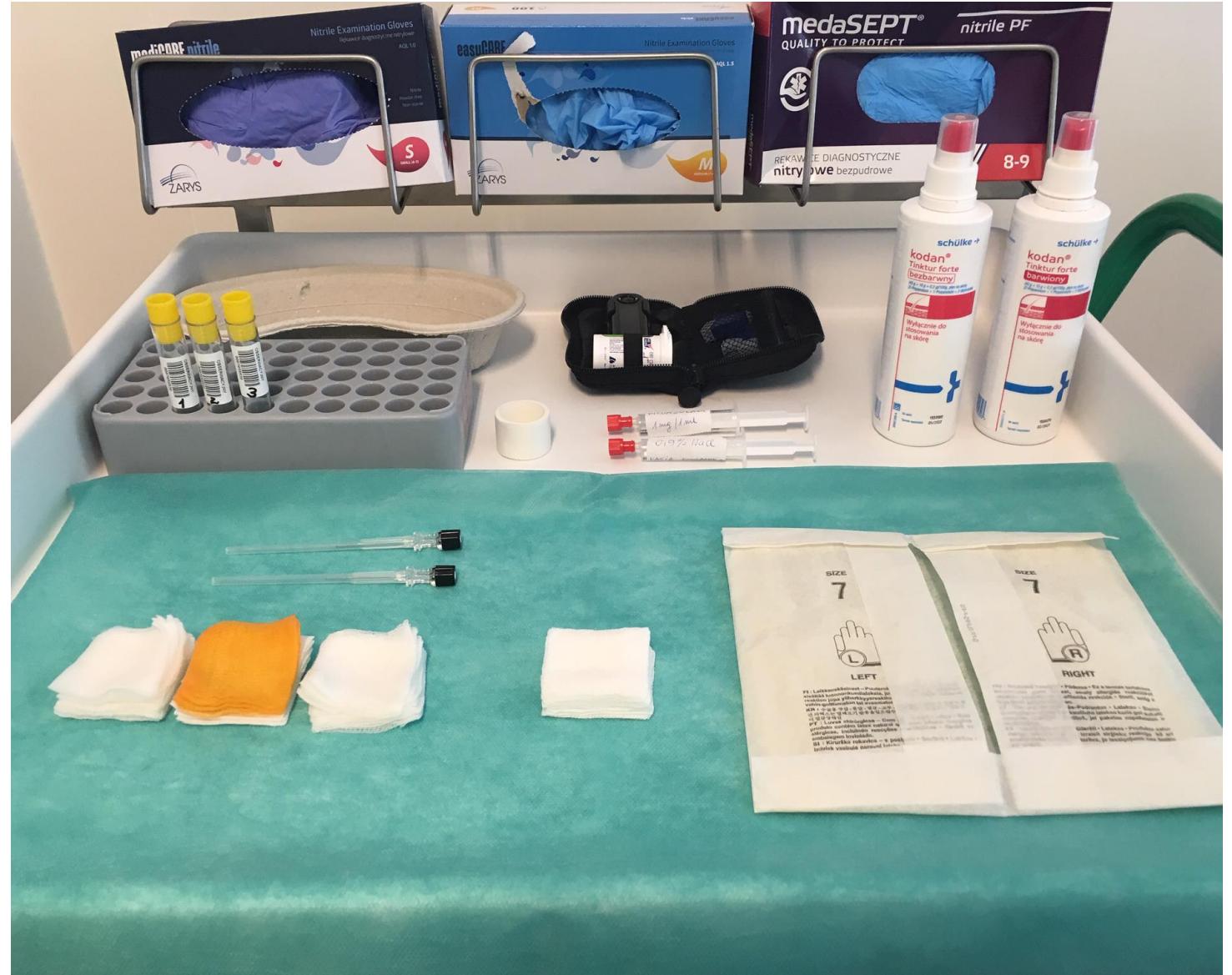
CT CAN'T DELAY TREATMENT!

Lumbar puncture



Lumbar puncture

- Local/systemic anesthesia
- Glucose measurement
- 3 x wash
- Puncture – 3 probes:
 - biochemistry
 - smear
 - culture
 - PCR!



| | Healthy neonate | Zdhelathy infant | Child > 12/12 | Bacterial meningitis | Viral meningitis/ encephalitis | Neuro-boreliosis | TB |
|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Colour | Colourless | | | Yellowish or greenish | Colourless | Clourless | Colourless |
| Transparency | Transparent | | | Clouded | Transparent | Transparent or opalescent | |
| Cytosis | ≤ 10 | ≤ 5 | | > 1000 (NEUT) | Several dozen - hundred (initially NEUT, then LYMPH) | | Several dozen–500 (LYMPH) |
| Protein [mg/dl] | < 100 | < 40 | 15-45 | > 100 | 50-200 | | > 100 |
| Glucose CSF/serum | ≥ 0.6 | | | < 0.4 | > 0.6 | | < 0.3 |
| Lactate[mg/dl] | < 2.1 | | | > 4 | 2,1 – 3 | N lub ↑ | > 4 |
| Chloride [mmol/l] | > 117 | | | N lub ↓ | N lub ↓ | | ↓ |

clinical picture of **MENINGITIS**

1) VITALS: HR, RR, BP, sat, temp, GCS

2) Oxygen

3) Lab tests:

1) 2x blood **CULTURE**

2) CBC + smear

3) CRP, PCT, BUN, creat, glucose, Na, K

4) Clotting: APTT, INR, fibrinogen

5) Blood gases

1) Dexamethasone 2 x 0.4 mg/kg

2) ATB: **cefalosporin III gen + vancomycin**

3) Correction od hypovolemia, hypoglicemia, acidosis, coagulopathy

4) Head elevation 20-30 degrees

Contraindications

To lumbar puncture

1) Grave general condition

2) Skin infection in lumbar area

3) Severe coagulation abnormalities

4) Immunosuppression

5) CNS disease in past

6) New seizures episode

7) Cushing triad

8) Papilledema

9) New focal neurologic signs

10) Abnormal consciousness

TREATMENT: first ATB

| Bacterial meningitis | LECZENIE |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Neonates | Ampicillin + (gentamicin OR cefotaxime) |
| Infants 1-3/12 | (Cefotaxime OR ceftriaxone) + vancomycin + possibly ampicillin |
| Older infants, children, adults | (Cefotaxime OR ceftriaxone) + vancomycin |
| Viral meningitis | ??? |

TREATMENT: second FLUIDS

- Fluid resuscitation:

**20 ml/kg balanced crystalloid
in bolus**

- 40-60 ml/kg if needed (up to 3 boluses)
- 20 ml/kg/h of balanced crystalloid for 2-4 h in case of dehydration without shock
- Maintenance needs afterwards

TREATMENT: third supportive treatment

- Low glucose? Glucose iv.
- DIC? FFP / cryoprecipitate / PLT
- Brain oedema? Mannitol / 3% NaCl
- Seizures? Diazepam / midazolam / phenobarbital

